

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

NOTIFICATION OF THE RECORDING
OF A CHANGE(PCT Rule 92bis.1 and
Administrative Instructions, Section 422)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

KOLSTER OY AB
Iso Roobertinkatu 23
P.O. Box 148
FIN-00121 Helsinki
FINLANDE

| | |
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| Date of mailing (day/month/year) 03 January 2002 (03.01.02) | IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION |
| Applicant's or agent's file reference 2990515PC/nu | |
| International application No. PCT/FI00/00742 | International filing date (day/month/year) 01 September 2000 (01.09.00) |

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1. The following indications appeared on record concerning: | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the applicant | <input type="checkbox"/> the inventor | <input type="checkbox"/> the agent <input type="checkbox"/> the common representative |
| Name and Address NOKIA NETWORKS OY Keilalahdentie 4 FIN-02150 Espoo Finland | State of Nationality FI | State of Residence FI |
| | Telephone No. | |
| | Facsimile No. | |
| | Teleprinter No. | |
| 2. The International Bureau hereby notifies the applicant that the following change has been recorded concerning: | | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the person | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the name | <input type="checkbox"/> the address <input type="checkbox"/> the nationality <input type="checkbox"/> the residence |
| Name and Address NOKIA CORPORATION Keilalahdentie 4 FIN-02150 Espoo Finland | State of Nationality FI | State of Residence FI |
| | Telephone No. | |
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| 3. Further observations, if necessary: | | |
| 4. A copy of this notification has been sent to: | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the receiving Office | <input type="checkbox"/> the designated Offices concerned | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> the International Searching Authority | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the elected Offices concerned | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the International Preliminary Examining Authority | <input type="checkbox"/> other: | |

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| The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland | Authorized officer Athina NICKITAS-ETIENNE |
| Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35 | Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38 |

PCT COOPERATION TREATY

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NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

Commissioner
 US Department of Commerce
 United States Patent and Trademark
 Office, PCT
 2011 South Clark Place Room
 CP2/5C24
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 in its capacity as elected Office

| | |
|---|---|
| Date of mailing (day/month/year) 09 May 2001 (09.05.01) | Applicant's or agent's file reference 2990515PC/nu |
| International application No. PCT/FI00/00742 | Priority date (day/month/year) 02 September 1999 (02.09.99) |
| International filing date (day/month/year) 01 September 2000 (01.09.00) | |
| Applicant HAATAJA, Timo et al | |

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

☒ in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
 12 March 2001 (12.03.01)

☐ in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:

2. The election ☒ was

☐ was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

| | |
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| The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35 | Authorized officer Charlotte ENGER Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38 |
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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

FILED 17 DEC 2001

14

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|---|---|--|
| Applicant's or agent's file reference 2990515PCnu | FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416) | |
| International application No. PCT/FI00/00742 | International filing date (day/month/year) 01.09.2000 | Priority date (day/month/year) 02.09.1999 |
| International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC ₇ H 04 M 17/00 | | |
| Applicant Nokia Networks OY et al | | |

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.
2. This REPORT consists of a total of 3 sheets, including this cover sheet.
- ☐ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).

These annexes consist of a total of _____ sheets.

3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:

- I ☒ Basis of the report
- II ☐ Priority
- III ☐ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- IV ☐ Lack of unity of invention
- V ☒ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- VI ☐ Certain documents cited
- VII ☐ Certain defects in the international application
- VIII ☐ Certain observations on the international application

| | |
|--|--|
| Date of submission of the demand 12.03.2001 | Date of completion of this report 06.12.2001 |
| Name and mailing address of the IPEA/SE Patent- och registreringsverket Box 5055 S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Facsimile No. 08-667 72 88 | Authorized officer Mats Raidla/mj Telephone No. 08-782 25 00 |

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI00/00742

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application:*

- ☒ the international application as originally filed
- ☐ the description:
 pages _____, as originally filed
 pages _____, filed with the demand
 pages _____, filed with the letter of _____
- ☐ the claims:
 pages _____, as originally filed
 pages _____, as amended (together with any statement) under article 19
 pages _____, filed with the demand
 pages _____, filed with the letter of _____
- ☐ the drawings:
 pages _____, as originally filed
 pages _____, filed with the demand
 pages _____, filed with the letter of _____
- ☐ the sequence listing part of the description:
 pages _____, as originally filed
 pages _____, filed with the demand
 pages _____, filed with the letter of _____

2. With regard to the **language**, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language _____ which is:

- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- ☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- ☐ the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

- ☐ contained in the international application in written form.
- ☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
- ☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
- ☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.

4. ☐ The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- ☐ the description, pages _____
- ☐ the claims, Nos. _____
- ☐ the drawings, sheet/fig _____

5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2 (c)).**

* Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17).

** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item I and annexed to this report.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

international application No.

PCT/FI00/00742

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement**1. Statement**

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----|
| Novelty (N) | Claims | <u>1-17</u> | YES |
| | Claims | _____ | NO |
| Inventive step (IS) | Claims | <u>1-17</u> | YES |
| | Claims | _____ | NO |
| Industrial applicability (IA) | Claims | <u>1-17</u> | YES |
| | Claims | _____ | NO |

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

The cited document GB2322771, which is considered to be the most relevant document in the search report, describes an apparatus for generating billing data for subscribers, in a telecommunication network. The apparatus comprises data storage means for holding records for a plurality of groups of subscribers; data processing means for applying one of a number of call-charging tariffs to a call made by a subscriber. The tariff to be used is dependent on the group that the subscriber is a member of (refer to claim 1). The document does however not describe charging of different subscribers in a telecommunications network according to different, at least two, tariff schemes.

Therefore, the claimed invention as stated in claims 1-17 is novel and is considered to involve an inventive step. It is also considered to be industrially applicable.

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8 March 2001 (08.03.2001)

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WO 01/17222 A1(51) International Patent Classification⁷: **H04M 17/00**(21) International Application Number: **PCT/FI00/00742**(22) International Filing Date:
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19991874 2 September 1999 (02.09.1999) FI(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **NOKIA NETWORKS OY [FI/FI]**; Keilalahdentie 4, FIN-02150 Espoo (FI).

(72) Inventors; and

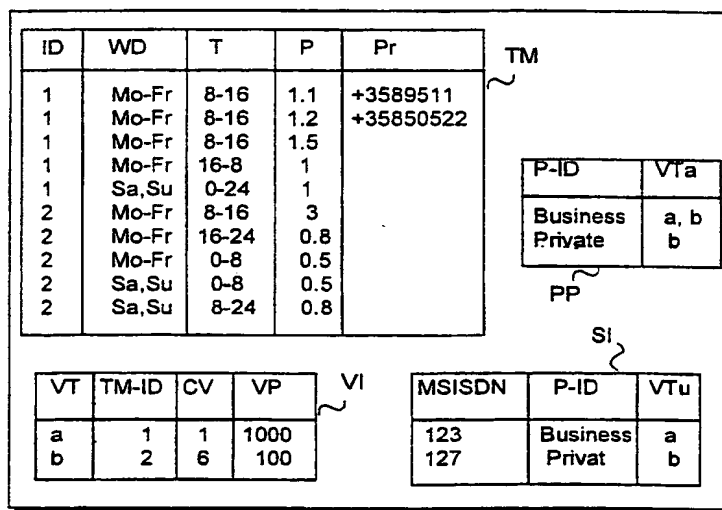
(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): **HAATAJA, Timo** [FI/DK]; Wergelanos Alle 17, DK-2860 Soborg (DK). **ANDRESEN, Lars** [DK/DK]; Judithsvej 15 St Tv, DK-2900 Hellerup (DK).(74) Agent: **KOLSTER OY AB**; Iso Roobertinkatu 23, P.O. Box 148, FIN-00121 Helsinki (FI).(81) Designated States (*national*): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AT (utility model), AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, CZ (utility model), DE, DE (utility model), DK, DK (utility model), DM, DZ, EE, EE (utility model), ES, FI, FI (utility model), GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KR (utility model), KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK (utility model), SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.(84) Designated States (*regional*): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— With international search report.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: CHARGING FOR PREPAID SUBSCRIBERS IN A TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: To be able to customize subscriber charging in a telecommunications system, at least two different kinds of tariff models (TM) are defined, each model containing a tariff scheme defining how to charge a call. The tariff model to be used with a subscriber is directly or indirectly indicated in subscriber information (SI).

CHARGING FOR PREPAID SUBSCRIBERS IN A TELECOMMUNICATIONS SYSTEM

Background of the invention

The present invention relates to a method and an equipment for enabling versatile charging in telecommunications systems and especially more versatile charging for prepaid subscribers. A prepaid subscriber refers to a subscriber using prepaid subscription, i.e. a subscriber who has paid in advance.

In mobile telecommunications systems, such as the pan-European digital mobile communications system GSM (Global System for Mobile Communications), call prices depend usually on the time when the call is made. To be able to offer more versatile charging possibilities some operators offer prepaid service for subscribers. A prepaid service is a service where a subscriber pays in advance his calls by buying vouchers. The prepaid service logic and prepaid service data are stored in the system. A prepaid SIM (Subscriber Identity Module) card comprises an MSISDN number which is associated with the prepaid service data, including the subscriber's credit, in the system. A prepaid service allows payment of a telephone bill in advance or setting an upper limit for the telephone bills. As another benefit, the prepaid service enable roaming subscribers to pay their local calls at local tariffs, whereas the use of the SIM card of their home service provider results in paying international tariffs to their home network and back.

Usually a prepaid subscription is activated and money added to subscriber's prepaid account by means of vouchers. Some of the service providers sell different types of vouchers, which differ from each other e.g. in the number of call units and the time the call time bought is valid. However, the calls are charged in the same way regardless of what kind of a voucher is used.

The above described possibilities for charging calls are insufficient, since the needs of mobile subscribers and their use of their mobile stations are becoming more and more differentiated. There are users making lot of calls during office hours whereas some other users call seldom and during evenings, for example. The charging of calls has to be diversified correspondingly.

Disclosure of the invention

The object of the invention is to provide versatile charging possibilities that are easy to maintain and define by the operator. The object of the in-

vention is achieved with methods, a system, a network element and databases which are characterized in what is disclosed in the independent claims. The preferred embodiments of the invention are set forth in the dependent claims.

5 The invention is based on defining at least two different kinds of tariff models and associating a subscriber's information directly or indirectly with a tariff model which is used when the subscriber makes a call. With tariff models the charging of subscribers is easily diversified.

10 The advantages of the invention are that the service provider can customize the charging very easily and for example direct some users to call during times when the network is not very loaded.

 In one embodiment of the invention, where the prepaid service is used, each voucher type has a tariff model. The further advantage of this embodiment is that a subscriber can change his tariff model by changing the
15 voucher type he is using.

 In another embodiment of the invention, where the prepaid service is used, voucher types allowed for subscribers are defined. The further advantage of this embodiment is that the operator can restrict the subscriber's freedom to choose a tariff model to be used.

20 **Brief description of the figures**

 The invention will be described in further detail in the following by means of preferred embodiments with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which

25 Figure 1 is a block diagram showing some relevant network elements in a first preferred embodiment of the invention;

 Figure 2 is a block diagram showing some relevant elements of the SMP in the first preferred embodiment of the invention;

 Figure 3 is a flow chart illustrating charging in the first preferred embodiment; and

30 Figure 4 is a flow chart illustrating depositing in the first preferred embodiment.

Detailed description of the invention

 Figure 1 is a block diagram of a telecommunications system S equipped with an arrangement according to a first preferred embodiment of
35 the invention. The telecommunications network is assumed to be a public land

mobile network PLMN, without, however, limiting the invention to that kind of particular network. The invention can be used in any telecommunications systems where subscribers have subscription information stored in the system and the subscription information is used when calls are charged.

5 The embodiment illustrated in Figure 1 makes use of Intelligent Network technology. An intelligent network IN is able to provide a subscriber of a telecommunications network, such as a wired network or a mobile telephone network, with a plurality of services. An example of such an intelligent network is described in recommendations of the ITU-T Q-1200 series, of which Q-1210
10 to Q-1219 define a set of features known as CS-1 (Capability Set 1), and correspondingly, Q-1220 to Q-1229 define a set of features CS-2. The invention and its background will be described by the terminology of recommendation ETS 300 374-1 CoreINAP, but the invention can also be employed in intelligent networks implemented according to other intelligent network standards.

15 Figure 1 shows some elements of an intelligent network which are relevant to the understanding of the invention, such as what are known as intelligent peripherals IP. Usually an IP is associated with a specialized resource function SRF which is an interface for network mechanisms associated with interaction with a subscriber. Thus an IP may comprise e.g. more advanced
20 speech handling functions than do exchanges in general. The IVR application is usually located in the IP. The IVR application, also called the PrePaid service IVR application, is an interactive voice response application that allows the subscriber to make a deposit (add money, recharge) into his PrePaid SIM account by entering the identification number of a prepaid voucher. The IP is
25 connected to an SSP using for example ISUP (ISDN User Part) signalling and one or more voice transports.

 The SSP (Service Switching Point) is a network element performing service switching function (SSF). The SSP may be a mobile service switching centre MSC, which includes the SSF. The SSF is an interface between a
30 conventional call control function CCF and the service control function SCF of an intelligent network. The network element performing the SCF is called a service control point SCP. An intelligent network service is produced by the service switching point SSP inquiring instructions from the service control point SCP by means of messages to be transmitted across the SSP/SCP interface upon
35 the encounter of detection points associated with the service. In association with an intelligent network service, a service logic program is started at the

service control point SCP, the operation of the program determining the messages transmitted by the SCP to the SSP at each stage of a call. During one call there may be several service logic programs started and ended. The service logic program handling a prepaid call runs during the whole call, since
5 it controls credit updating. Usually the SCP controls the charging and adjusts the charging on the basis of information it gets from the SSP. The credit updating according to the invention is discussed in greater detail in Figure 3.

However, usually the SCP is not used in the service logic of the Prepaid SIM IVR recharge application, i.e. calls to the IVR are routed by the
10 CCF directly to the IVR on the basis of the service number which the subscriber has dialled in order to recharge (deposit).

In the example illustrated in Figure 1, prepaid subscriber information, information about vouchers, prepaid profile definitions and tariff models - are in a database located in a service management point SMP as is described
15 in greater detail in Figure 2. Alternatively, they may be located in different databases and/or in some other network element, like a home location register HLR (not shown in Figure 1). The database may also be a decentralized database. The IVR interfaces the SMP database through a service management interface SMI. The SMP and the IP may be connected e.g. through a local
20 area network (LAN) using TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol). The connection between the IP and the SMP, illustrated by a dashed line, represents only management connection without any signalling connection.

The service management access point SMAP provides some selected users, such as service providers and network operators, with access to
25 the service data of the service management point SMP through a public telephone network, such as the PSTN or the ISDN, a cellular radio network (such as the GSM) or a public data network (X.25, the Internet) and an open interface. The SMAP interacts directly with the SMP. Furthermore, the SMAP can
30 provide access to a network element of another telecommunications network. The operator can define and redefine tariff models via the SMAP. The SMAP is described in greater detail in PCT patent application WO98/41038 which is incorporated herein by reference.

Network operators and service providers are nowadays separated.
35 A service provider buys the required bearer services from a network operator.

A network operator may also be a service provider. An operator may also have multiple service providers.

Figure 2 is a block diagram showing the relevant parts of the SMP in the first preferred embodiment of the invention. In the first preferred embodiment of the invention, each voucher type VT is associated with one tariff model TM-ID and subscriber information SI comprises information about the voucher type currently in use, VTu. With this information, the tariff to be used is easily found when needed. Besides the voucher type VT and the tariff model identifier TM-ID, voucher information VI may comprise also other information like a CV indicating how many months the credit is valid for recharge and a voucher price VP as is illustrated in the example in Figure 2.

The tariff model TM comprises a tariff model identifier ID, weekday definitions WD, time definitions T, prices per minute P and in the example illustrated in Figure 2, also prefixes Pr. With prefixes it is possible to have different call prices within one tariff model to different telephone numbers. The price without a prefix is used when the dialled number does not match any prefix defined in caller's tariff model. Each tariff model comprises preferably a unique tariff scheme. For example tariff model 1 is for persons normally calling during office hours whereas tariff model 2 is for persons calling in the evenings and weekends. In the tariff model 1 the possibility to differentiate call prices by a prefix is used: certain calls to/in Finland are cheaper than other calls during office hours. The tariff models illustrated in Figure 2 are purely illustrative. The service provider can define various tariff models, change definitions and add new models. The tariff model may have different prices for data calls, multimedia calls or messages, short messages, or prices for calls where also the called person is charged, for example. The simplest tariff model is a model where one price is used all the time.

Subscriber information SI comprises in the first preferred embodiment subscribers' phone numbers MSISDNs, each associated with a profile identifier P-ID and a voucher type currently in use VTu. Instead of or in addition to MSISDNs, subscribers identifiers IMSIs may also be used in other embodiments. The profile identifier identifies the profile whose information is to be used with this subscriber.

Predefined profile information PP comprises at least a profile identifier P-ID and voucher types allowed to that profile, VTa. With the allowed voucher types VTa, the service provider can restrict the vouchers the sub-

scriber is allowed to use. One subscriber may use all kind of vouchers, whereas another subscriber may be restricted to only one voucher type. These allowed voucher types are used during recharges as illustrated in greater detail in Figure 4. The predefined profile may also comprise values for different
5 kind of prepaid service attributes, for example an indication how to calculate a new credit when a subscriber deposits.

In the second preferred embodiment of the invention, all subscribers are required to use only one kind of tariffing and only one kind of voucher. Thus the allowed voucher types VTa comprise only one voucher type. The
10 tariff model identifier TM-ID is either in the voucher information (as in Figure 2) or in the prepaid profile definitions. In the second embodiment there is no need to store information indicating the currently used profile VTu in the subscriber information SI since it is the same as the only allowed voucher type VTa in the prepaid profile information.

15 The third preferred embodiment of the invention differs from the first preferred embodiment in that no prepaid profiles are used. Thus all subscribers can use all kinds of vouchers. Naturally, in the third preferred embodiment of the invention no prepaid profile information is maintained.

In the fourth preferred embodiment of the invention, all subscribers
20 are required to use only one kind of tariffing but some of them are allowed to use different kind of vouchers. This embodiment differs from the first embodiment of the invention in that the tariff model identifier is defined either in the prepaid profile information or in the subscriber information, not in the voucher information. In this embodiment the difference between vouchers could be the
25 price of the vouchers. Also subscribers having a different prepaid profile can have different kinds of charging, even if they use the same voucher type.

In the fifth preferred embodiment, no prepaid profiles are used and the subscriber information SI also comprises information about allowed voucher types VTa.

30 In another embodiment of the invention one tariff model is defined to be a default model which is used when no other model is defined for that subscriber or voucher. The advantage of this embodiment is that there is no need to add a tariff model to old subscriber information or voucher information.

35 These embodiments are only illustrative and different kinds of further embodiments can be built by taking a single feature or features of them and combining them.

Figure 3 is a flow chart illustrating an example of how the charging base is determined according to the first preferred embodiment of the invention. In this example it will be assumed that the IN and, more precisely, the SCP is responsible for keeping track of the available credit of the prepaid subscriber, but this is not necessary to the invention. It is also possible that it is the MSC (SSP) that keeps track of the available credit of the prepaid subscriber. Another assumption, made here, is that the SCP stores the available credit to an IN database called Service Data Point (SDP, not shown separately in Figure 1) which is a database for the SCP. It is also assumed that the call made here is not an emergency call.

Referring to Figure 3, a prepaid subscriber has dialled numbers indicating that he wants to make a call which is charged from him. The SSP notices that the caller is a prepaid caller and sends a prepaid service request to the SCP. In step 301, the SCP deduces from the service request the caller's identification, which in the first preferred embodiment of the invention is the MSISDN. In step 302, it is checked if the subscriber's available credit is zero, i.e. has he used all his money. Since the available credit is stored in the SDP, it did not have to be transferred to the SCP. If the available credit is zero, call connection is terminated in step 303. In some other embodiments some other credit limit than zero may be used.

If a subscriber still has some money on his account, the SCP obtains in step 304 the voucher type currently in use, VTu, from the subscriber information SI located in the SMP on the basis of the MSISDN. The SCP then obtains in step 305 the tariff model identifier TM-ID from voucher information VI located in the SMP on the basis of VTu. In step 306 the tariff scheme in the tariff model is obtained from the tariff model information TM located in the SMP on the basis of the TM-ID.

The SCP then notifies in step 307 the switching point (SSP) by sending an instruction message of the events which affect call price formation and are to be reported by the switching point (SSP) to the control point (SCP) in a report message.

When the call is connected, the SCP reduces in step 308 the value of available credit during the call according to the tariff scheme in the tariff model. Naturally, the SCP adapts, when needed, reduction of the available credit according to the messages received from the SSP.

In other embodiments of the invention described in Figure 2, the tariff model to be used may be searched differently from what is described above in Figure 3 depending where and what information is required to find out the tariff model.

5 In some other embodiments of the invention the SCP may send the MSISDN to the SMP, and SMP carries out the data search described in steps 304-306 and sends as a response to the SCP the tariff scheme in the tariff model.

Figure 4 is a flow chart illustrating the depositing in the first preferred embodiment of the invention. In this example it is assumed that the IVR is taking care of the depositing and the voucher is assumed to be valid. In the example illustrated in Figure 4, it is also assumed that the voucher identification numbers are used to identify the type of the voucher, so that e.g. when two types of vouchers are used, the identification numbers on list 1 are of type 1 and the missing numbers are of type 2. It is, however, irrelevant to the invention how the type of the voucher is determined.

Referring to Figure 4, a subscriber has bought a voucher from a shop, called to the IVR and selected to deposit the voucher. The subscriber is assumed to be a prepaid subscriber, otherwise he cannot deposit. It is also assumed that the IVR checks at the beginning of the call if the caller is a prepaid subscriber, and if not, then the call is disconnected or connected to customer service.

Figure 4 begins in step 401, where the IVR deduces the caller's identification, which is in the first preferred embodiment the MSISDN. On the basis of the MSISDN the IVR obtains, in step 402, the caller's prepaid profile identifier P-ID from the subscriber information SI located in the SMP. On the basis of profile identifier P-ID, the IVR obtains, in step 403, the allowed voucher types VTas from the predefined profile information PP located in the SMP. In embodiments where the profile information also comprises other information related to depositing, this information is also obtained in step 403. In step 404, the IVR prompts the subscriber for voucher identification ID. The voucher identification number ID is received in step 405. The validity of the voucher is checked (not shown in Figure 4) and after that, in step 406, the IVR determines the type T of voucher e.g. by using the identification number and going through list(s) in order to find out the types. After the voucher type T is determined, the IVR checks, in step 407, if the voucher type is an allowed one.

In other words, the IVR checks whether the type T belongs to the allowed voucher types VTas. If so, the IVR continues depositing in step 408, the detailed steps of which are not shown in Figure 4. The depositing is carried out according to prior art, but in the future the depositing may also be carried out
5 by new depositing methods not known today. If the deposit was carried out (step 409), in step 410 the IVR sets in the subscriber information the voucher type currently in use VTu to voucher type T and then ends the depositing in step 411, the detailed steps of which are not shown in Figure 4.

If the deposit is not carried out (step 409), e.g. because the caller
10 changes his mind due to losing current credit, then the IVR gives an audio message "goodbye" in step 412 and no subscriber-related information is changed. The call is disconnected.

If the voucher which the caller is trying to deposit is not one of the allowed voucher types (step 407), then the IVR quits without doing any updat-
15 ing and gives in step 412 an audio message telling that the voucher type the caller is trying to deposit, is not an allowed one. The IVR also gives in the audio message the allowed voucher types VTas in step 412.

In some other embodiments of the invention the IVR may send the MSISDN to the SMP, and the SMP performs the data search described in
20 steps 402 and 403 and sends as a response to the SCP the allowed voucher types VTas.

The steps have not been set out in absolute time sequence in Figures 3 and 4. Some of the above steps may take place simultaneously or in a different order, for example steps 401-403 and 404-406. Some steps may also
25 be skipped, like the step 402 in embodiments where subscriber information comprises allowed voucher types VTas. Other steps not shown in Figures 3 and 4 may also occur between the steps stated above. Instead of some steps shown in Figures 3 and 4, some other step having the same result, may be performed. For example in some embodiments, step 304 may be replaced by
30 steps where the voucher number currently in use is used for determining the voucher type.

The present invention can be implemented in existing network elements. They all have processors and a memory with which the inventive functionality described below can be implemented. The functions described above
35 may be located in one network element or some of them may be in one ele-

ment and the others in other elements regardless of how they are located in the examples which illustrate the invention.

Although the invention is described above assuming that the subscriber is a prepaid subscriber and the system is a prepaid system, the invention may be implemented also for conventional subscribers who are charged afterwards. When the implementation involves conventional subscribers, the tariff model identifier is preferably added to the subscriber information stored in the subscriber information database, such as a home location register in the GSM system. It is also possible to use profile definitions with conventional subscribers. This invention is not limited to mobile systems but it may be implemented in any kind of telecommunications system, e.g. fixed systems, storing subscriber information, like the PSTN (Public Switch Telephone Network) or the so called third generation system UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) and IMT-2000 (International Mobile Telecommunication 2000). It is also possible to provide prepaid service to fixed subscribers in a similar way as is illustrated here with the above figures.

The accompanying drawings and the description pertaining to them are only intended to illustrate the present invention. Different variations and modifications to the invention will be apparent to those skilled in the art, without departing from the scope and spirit of the invention defined in the appended claims.

Claims

1. A method for customising the charging of subscribers in a telecommunications network, the method comprising the steps of:
maintaining subscriber information on at least one subscriber;
5 c h a r a c t e r i z e d b y
 defining at least two different tariff models, each model containing a tariff scheme defining how to charge a call;
 indicating in the subscriber information directly or indirectly which tariff model is to be used with this subscriber; and
10 charging the subscriber according to the tariff scheme of the indicated tariff model.
2. A method as claimed in claim 1, c h a r a c t e r i z e d b y the method comprising the step of defining one tariff model to be a default model which is used when no other tariff model is indicated.
- 15 3. A method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, c h a r a c t e r i z e d b y the telecommunications network offering a prepaid service to its subscribers and said at least one subscriber being a prepaid subscriber.
4. A method as claimed in claim 3, c h a r a c t e r i z e d b y the method further comprising the steps of:
20 using at least two different types of vouchers for making deposits into subscribers prepaid accounts;
 attaching one tariff model at least to each of said two different types of vouchers;
 indicating in the subscriber information the type of voucher this subscriber is currently using; and
25 determining the tariff model to be used on the basis of the voucher this subscriber is currently using.
5. A method as claimed in claim 4, c h a r a c t e r i z e d b y the method further comprising the steps of:
30 defining in the subscriber information the voucher types allowed to this subscriber;
 checking from the subscriber information during depositing if the voucher is allowed to this subscriber; and
 if the voucher is an allowed one, continuing depositing;
35 if the voucher is not an allowed one, terminating depositing.

6. A method as claimed in claim 4, characterized by the method further comprising the steps of:

defining at least two different prepaid profiles, each profile defining at least the allowed voucher types;

- 5 associating a subscriber's subscriber information with one profile;
checking during depositing if the voucher is allowed to this subscriber from the profile definitions indicated in the subscriber information; and
if the voucher is an allowed one, continuing depositing;
if the voucher is not an allowed one, terminating depositing.

10 7. A method as claimed in claims 1, 2 or 3, characterized by the method further comprising the steps of:

- defining at least two different subscriber profiles,
attaching at least to each of said two different profiles one tariff model;
15 indicating in the subscriber information the profile of the subscriber;
determining the tariff model to be used on the basis of the subscriber's profile.

8. A method for customizing the charging of prepaid subscribers in a telecommunications network offering a prepaid service, the method comprising the steps of:

- 20 using at least two different types of vouchers for making deposits into subscribers prepaid accounts;
characterized by
defining at least two different tariff models, each model containing a
25 tariff scheme defining how to charge a call;
attaching at least to each of said two types of vouchers one tariff model;
determining the tariff model to be used on the basis of the voucher this subscriber is currently using; and
30 charging the subscriber according to the tariff scheme of the tariff model.

9. A telecommunications system (S) comprising at least one database (SMP) having subscriber information (SI) on at least one subscriber,
characterized in that
35 the system (S) is arranged to maintain definitions (TM) of at least two different kinds of tariff models, each tariff model containing a tariff scheme

defining how to charge a call, and to charge the subscriber according to the tariff scheme of the tariff model indicated directly or indirectly in the subscriber information (SI).

10 5 10. A system (S) as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that the system is arranged to use one tariff model, defined as a default tariff model, when no other tariff model is indicated.

11. A system (S) as claimed in claim 9 or 10, characterized in that the system (S) offers prepaid service to its subscribers and said at least one subscriber is a prepaid subscriber.

10 12. A system (S) as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that the system (S) is arranged to use at least two different types of vouchers for depositing subscribers prepaid accounts, and to maintain information on types of vouchers allowed to the subscriber and to check during depositing if the voucher the subscriber is depositing is an allowed one.

15 13. A network element (SCP) controlling charging of a subscriber in a telecommunications system, the network element being arranged to be in connection with the subscriber information maintained in telecommunications system,

20 characterized in that the network element (SCP) is arranged to find out which of the tariff models defined in the system is to be used with this subscriber from the subscriber information indicating the subscriber's tariff model directly or indirectly, each tariff model containing a tariff scheme defining how to charge a call, and to use the tariff scheme of the indicated tariff model when charging the subscriber.

25 14. A database (SMP) comprising subscriber information in a telecommunications system,

30 characterized in that the database (SMP) also comprises at least two different kinds of tariff models (TM), each model containing a tariff scheme defining how to charge a call, and

the subscriber information (SI) indicates directly or indirectly which tariff model is to be used with a subscriber.

35 15. A database (SMP) as claimed in claim 14, characterized in that

the database also comprises at least two different kinds of profile definitions (PP) to each of which one tariff model is attached,

the subscriber information (SI) comprises information on which profile to use with the subscriber, and

5 the database (SMP) is arranged to deduce the tariff model of the subscriber from the profile.

16. A database (SMP) as claimed in claim 14, characterized in that

the telecommunications system is a system offering a prepaid
10 service to subscribers and the subscribers may deposit their prepaid accounts by means of vouchers,

the database also comprises voucher information (VI) for at least two different types of vouchers,

the subscriber information (SI) comprises information on the type of
15 voucher the subscriber is currently using, and

the database (SMP) is arranged to deduce the tariff model of the subscriber from the voucher information (VI) on the basis of the voucher type the subscriber is currently using.

17. A database (SMP) comprising voucher information (VI) in a
20 telecommunications system offering a prepaid service to subscribers, in which system the subscribers may deposit their prepaid accounts by means of vouchers,

characterized in that

the database (SMP) also comprises at least two different kinds of
25 tariff models (TM), each model containing a tariff scheme defining how to charge a call,

the voucher information comprises information on at least two different types of vouchers, attaching each of said at least two different types of vouchers to one tariff model, and

30 the database (SMP) is arranged to deduce the tariff model of a subscriber from the voucher information (VI) on the basis of the voucher type the subscriber is currently using.

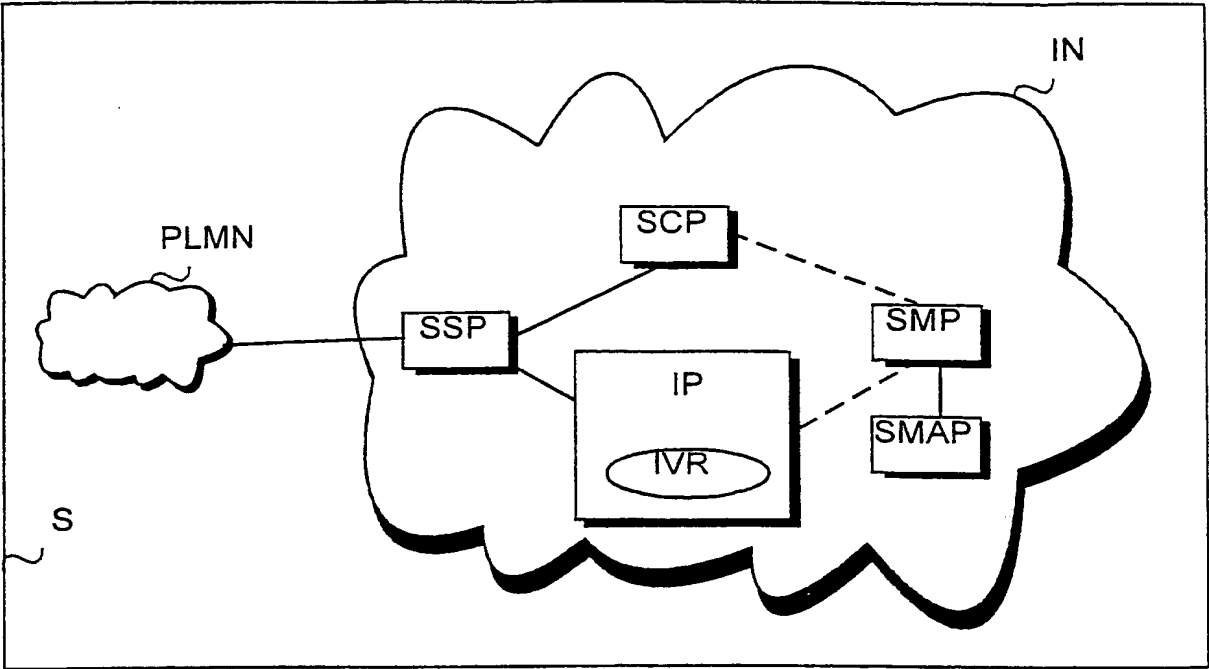


FIG.1

| ID | WD | T | P | Pr | TM |
|----|-------|-------|-----|-----------|----|
| 1 | Mo-Fr | 8-16 | 1.1 | +3589511 | |
| 1 | Mo-Fr | 8-16 | 1.2 | +35850522 | |
| 1 | Mo-Fr | 8-16 | 1.5 | | |
| 1 | Mo-Fr | 16-8 | 1 | | |
| 1 | Sa,Su | 0-24 | 1 | | |
| 2 | Mo-Fr | 8-16 | 3 | | |
| 2 | Mo-Fr | 16-24 | 0.8 | | |
| 2 | Mo-Fr | 0-8 | 0.5 | | |
| 2 | Sa,Su | 0-8 | 0.5 | | |
| 2 | Sa,Su | 8-24 | 0.8 | | |

| P-ID | VTa |
|----------|------|
| Business | a, b |
| Private | b |

| VT | TM-ID | CV | VP |
|----|-------|----|------|
| a | 1 | 1 | 1000 |
| b | 2 | 6 | 100 |

| MSISDN | P-ID | VTu |
|--------|----------|-----|
| 123 | Business | a |
| 127 | Private | b |

FIG.2

SMP

2/3

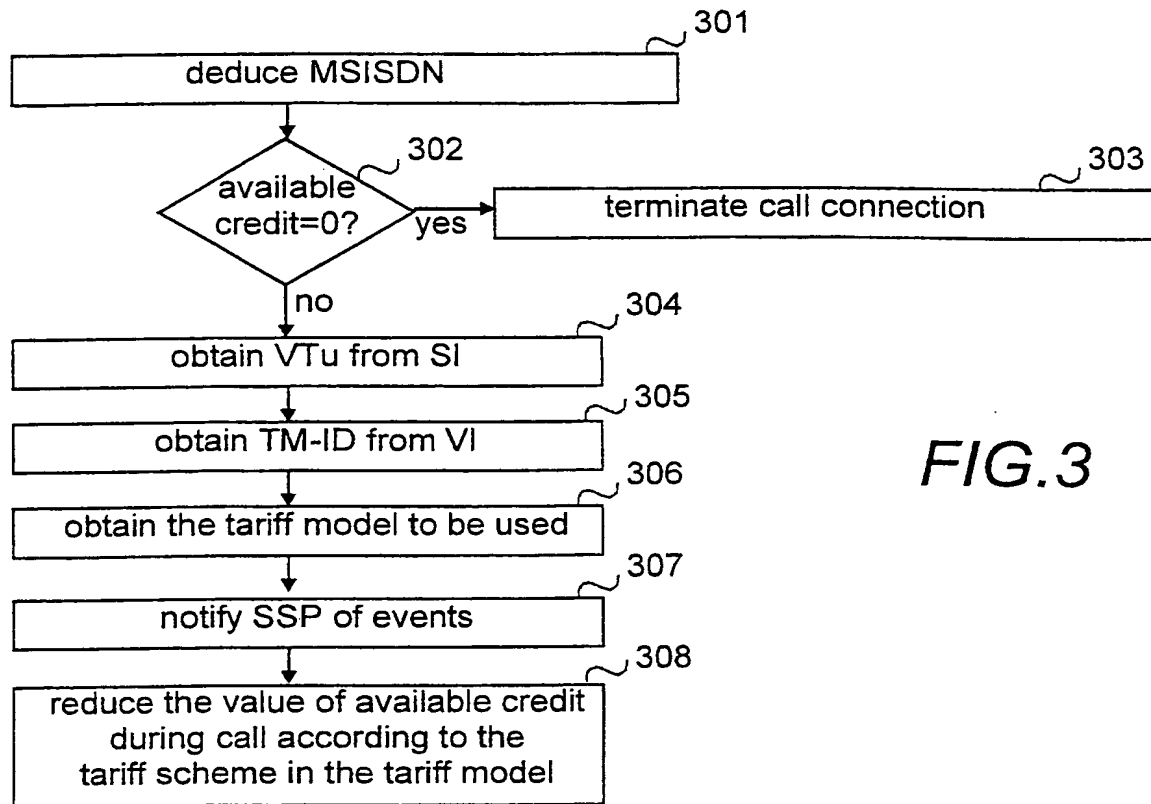


FIG. 3

3/3

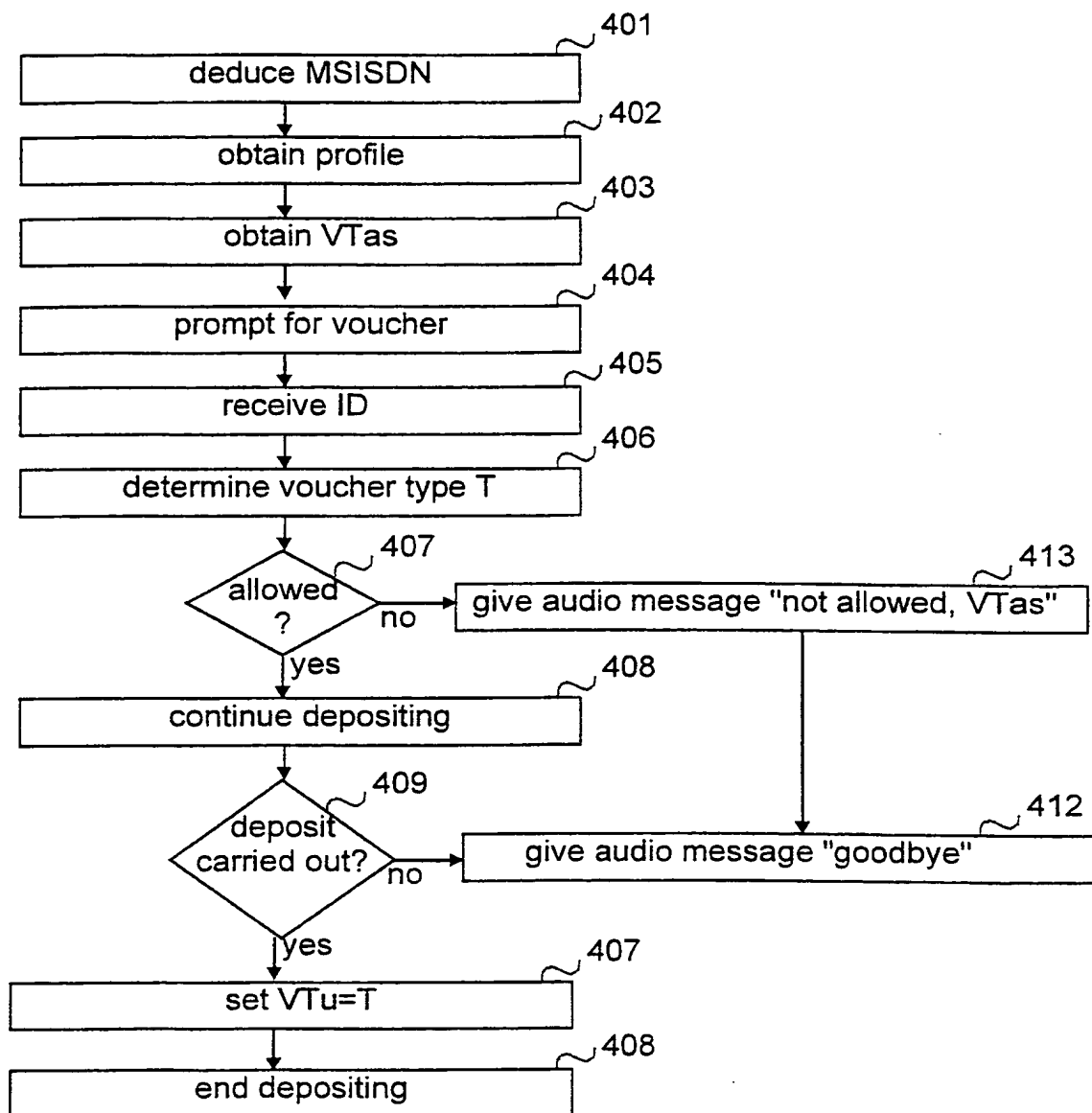


FIG. 4

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI 00/00742

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC7: H04M 17/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC7: H04M, H04Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
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| A | -- | 4-6,8,12, 16-17 |
| A | EP 0572991 A2 (FROMER, SHMUEL), 8 December 1993 (08.12.93), abstract | 4-6,8,12, 16-17 |
| A | WO 9857488 A1 (FRANCE TELECOM), 17 December 1998 (17.12.98), abstract | 1-17 |
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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.☒ See patent family annex.

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"Y" document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

18 December 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

20 -12- 2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA/

Swedish Patent Office

Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM

Facsimile No. +46 8 666 02 86

Authorized officer

Mats Raidla/mj

Telephone No. +46 8 782 25 00

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI 00/00742

C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|-----------|--|-----------------------|
| A | US 5909485 A (DANIEL MARTIN ET AL), 1 June 1999 (01.06.99), abstract ----- | 1-17 |

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

04/12/00

International application No.
PCT/FI 00/00742

| Patent document cited in search report | | | Publication date | Patent family member(s) | | Publication date |
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| | | | | GB | 2313744 A,B | 03/12/97 |
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| | | | | WO | 9853602 A | 26/11/98 |
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PCT REQUEST

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| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 0 0-1 | For receiving Office use only International Application No. | PCT/FI 00 / 00742 |
| 0-2 | International Filing Date | 01 SEP 2000 (01-09-2000) |
| 0-3 | Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application" | The Finnish Patent Office PCT International Application |
| 0-4 0-4-1 | Form - PCT/RO/101 PCT Request Prepared using | PCT-EASY Version 2.91 (updated 01.07.2000) |
| 0-5 | Petition The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty | |
| 0-6 | Receiving Office (specified by the applicant) | National Board of Patents and Registration (Finland) (RO/FI) |
| 0-7 | Applicant's or agent's file reference | 2990515PC/nu |
| I | Title of invention | CHARGING |
| II II-1 II-2 II-4 II-5 | Applicant This person is: Applicant for Name Address: | applicant only all designated States except US NOKIA NETWORKS OY Keilalahdentie 4 FIN-02150 Espoo Finland |
| II-6 II-7 | State of nationality State of residence | FI FI |
| III-1 III-1-1 III-1-2 III-1-4 III-1-5 | Applicant and/or inventor This person is: Applicant for Name (LAST, First) Address: | applicant and inventor US only HAATAJA, Timo Wergelanos Alle 17 DK-2860 Soborg Denmark |
| III-1-6 III-1-7 | State of nationality State of residence | FI DK |
| III-2 III-2-1 III-2-2 III-2-4 III-2-5 | Applicant and/or inventor This person is: Applicant for Name (LAST, First) Address: | applicant and inventor US only ANDRESEN, Lars Judithsvej 15 st tv DK-2900 Hellerup Denmark |
| III-2-6 III-2-7 | State of nationality State of residence | DK DK |

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| IV-1 | Agent or common representative; or address for correspondence The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as: | agent |
| IV-1-1 | Name | KOLSTER OY AB |
| IV-1-2 | Address: | Iso Roobertinkatu 23 P.O. Box 148 FIN-00121 Helsinki Finland |
| IV-1-3 | Telephone No. | 358 9 618 821 |
| IV-1-4 | Facsimile No. | 358 9 602 244 |
| IV-1-5 | e-mail | kolster@kolster.fi |
| V | Designation of States | |
| V-1 | Regional Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned) | AP: GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZW and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT EA: AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT EP: AT BE CH&LI CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT OA: BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GW ML MR NE SN TD TG and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT |
| V-2 | National Patent (other kinds of protection or treatment, if any, are specified between parentheses after the designation(s) concerned) | AE AG AL AM AT (patent and utility model) AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH&LI CN CR CU CZ (patent and utility model) DE (patent and utility model) DK (patent and utility model) DM DZ EE (patent and utility model) ES FI (patent and utility model) GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR (patent and utility model) KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU IV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK (patent and utility model) SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW |

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| V-5 | Precautionary Designation Statement In addition to the designations made under items V-1, V-2 and V-3, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) of the State(s) indicated under item V-6 below. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. | |
| V-6 | Exclusion(s) from precautionary designations | NONE |
| VI-1 | Priority claim of earlier national application | |
| VI-1-1 | Filing date | 02 September 1999 (02.09.1999) |
| VI-1-2 | Number | 19991874 |
| VI-1-3 | Country | FI |
| VI-2 | Priority document request The receiving Office is requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) identified above as item(s): | VI-1 |
| VII-1 | International Searching Authority Chosen | Swedish Patent Office (ISA/SE) |
| VIII | Check list | number of sheets electronic file(s) attached |
| VIII-1 | Request | 4 - |
| VIII-2 | Description | 10 - |
| VIII-3 | Claims | 4 - |
| VIII-4 | Abstract | 1 2990515p.txt |
| VIII-5 | Drawings | 3 - |
| VIII-7 | TOTAL | 22 |
| | Accompanying items | paper document(s) attached electronic file(s) attached |
| VIII-8 | Fee calculation sheet | ✓ - |
| VIII-10 | Copy of general power of attorney | ✓ - |
| VIII-16 | PCT-EASY diskette | - diskette |
| VIII-18 | Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract | 2 |
| VIII-19 | Language of filing of the international application | English |
| IX-1 | Signature of applicant or agent |  |
| IX-1-1 | Name | KOLSTER OY AB Tapio Valkeiskangas |

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|--------|---|-------------|--------------|
| 10-1 | Date of actual receipt of the purported international application | 01 SEP 2000 | (01-09-2000) |
| 10-2 | Drawings: | | |
| 10-2-1 | Received | | |
| 10-2-2 | Not received | | |

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| 10-3 | Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application | |
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/FI 00/00742

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC7: H04M 17/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC7: H04M, H04Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
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| X | GB 2322771 A (ORANGE PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES LIMITED), 2 Sept 1998 (02.09.98), page 2, line 15 - page 3, line 11, claim 1, abstract | 1-3,7,9-11, 13-15 |
| A | -- | 4-6,8,12, 16-17 |
| A | EP 0572991 A2 (FROMER, SHMUEL), 8 December 1993 (08.12.93), abstract | 4-6,8,12, 16-17 |
| A | WO 9857488 A1 (FRANCE TELECOM), 17 December 1998 (17.12.98), abstract | 1-17 |

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"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

18 December 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

20 -12- 2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA/
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| Category* | Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages | Relevant to claim No. |
|-----------|---|-----------------------|
| A | <p>US 5909485 A (DANIEL MARTIN ET AL), 1 June 1999 (01.06.99), abstract</p> <p style="text-align: center;">-- -----</p> | 1-17 |

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT
Information on patent family members

04/12/00

International application No.
PCT/FI 00/00742

| Patent document cited in search report | | | Publication date | Patent family member(s) | | Publication date |
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| | | | | ES | 2096802 T | 16/03/97 |
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| | | | | FR | 2745970 A,B | 12/09/97 |
| ----- | | | | | | |